12'	3	4	5
15 Hardoi	—	3-00	2-50
16 Orai .	~"	—	13-00
17 Deori a	800	—	—
18 Badaun	5' 50	—	—
19 Amethi	—	20'00	—
20 Kashipur	9-00	300	—'
21 Padrauna	1800	—	
22 Sultanpur	9-00	—	—
23 Biswan	840	0-85	—
24 Shamli	10-00	20' 00	—
25 Badhohi	—	25-50	—
* 26 Maunath Bhanjan	—	25-90	
27 Shandila .	—	27-00	—
28 Pilibhit	—	•15-00	
29 Bharaich .	—	25-55	-
30 Lalitpur	—	29-30	-
31 Mirzapur .	—	10-00	18-80
32 Etawah	—	10-00	10-00
33 Sarabhai .	—	10-00	10- 00
TOTAL	- 102'43	266-35	134-174

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FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER URBAN BASIC SERVICES (UBS)

In Uttar Pradesh the towns of Lucknow, Malihabad and Kakori are to be cowered under the Centrally Sponsored Urban Basic Services Scheme launched with effect from 22-8-1986. A sum of Rs. 3.20 lakhs was oayabte to the State Government as Central Government grant dunng 1986-87 and a sum of Rs. 2.20 lakhs was payable during 1987-88. However no formal request has been received from the State Government insipte. of reminders from our Ministry Hence no funds have so far been released to the State Government.

Welfare sclhemete for fishermen

2113. SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the detailg of Central schemes introduced for the welfare of the fishermen;

(b) the States where such schemes have been introduced; and

(c) the number of fishermen who have been benefited in these States

under the Centrally sponosred sche. mes during the last three years, year-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUL-TURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRl SHYAM LAL YADAV); (a) to (c) Government of India have approved two Centrally Sponsored Welfare Schemes for fishermen *viz,* (i) Group Accident Insurance Scheme for Active Fishermen; and (ii) National Welfare Fund for Fishermen. Under Group Accident Insurance Scheme fop Active Fishermen which was introduced in 1982-83, active fishermen who are members of cooperative society are insured for Rs. 15,000/- for death or permanent disability and Rs. 7,500/. for partial disability. 50% | of the annual premium of Rs. *9/-* per beneficiary per year is borne by the Central Government and the remaining 50% is contributed by the State Government either fully or in conjunction with fishermen cooperative society/federation. The National Welfare Fund.for fishermen has been approved with the objective to provide welfare facilities such as housing, drinking water, community hall/ workshed and credit society in 62 model fishermen villages covering 16 States all over the country. The cost of providing the above facilities for 1 model fishermen village is Rs-'d2,82,400 which is 'equally ' shared between Central and State Governments. The number of fishermen who have been benefited in States under Centrally Sponsored Group Accident Insurance Scheme during the last 3 years, year-wise are as under:—

State	1985-86 1..	1986-87	1987-88
Gujarat	16,120	20.000	30,000
2. Himachal Pradesh	1 330	1,180	1,150
3. Jammu & Kashmir.....	2,000	5,000	
4. Karnataka	43,000	57,768	60,000
5. "Madhya Pradesh	3,604	20,000	16,000
6. Maharahstra.....	33,680		36,600
7- Orissa	27,505	26,423	36,444
8. Tamil Nadu	1,16,264	1,36,647	1,34,873
9. Uttar Pradesh.....	. 5,333	22,222	
10. West Bengal.....	50,000	86,017	24,222
11. Kerala		1,61,261	
12. Bihar		26,666	1,61,267
13. Manipur		72	
14. Assam		5,63,256	150
15. Andhra Pradesh.....			36,666
16. Goa			1,10,000
TOTAL	3,01,836		1,000

The Centrally Sponosred National Welfare Fund for Fishermen hag been approved jn 1986-87. The number of fishermen famillea benefited under " this scheme in States are as under:—

State	1986-87	1987-88
1. Kerala		300
2. Madhya Pradesh	122	18
3. Orissa		100
4. West Bengal .		300
5. Andhra Pradesh		200
6. Tamil Nadu		344
7. Manipur .		100
8. Uttar Pradesh .		100
9. Gajarat .		300
10. Karnataka		100
11. Jammu & Kashmir		100
12. Assam		75
13. Goa		100
TOTAL	122	2137

Development of tourism fa Orissa

2114. SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the Minister of TOURISM be pleased *to* stat*:

(a) whether development of tourism intrastructure in Orissa is behind schedule;

(b) whether the number Of foreign tourists ln Orissa and in the country has developed according to Seventh Plan; and

(c) whether Government have made any assessment of the strategy of development of tourism in .some of the South Asian countries where growth is spectacular and identified the inadequacies in India?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF TOURISM (SHRl GIRIDHAR GOMANGO): (a) The implementation of plan schemes in Orissa has not been as fast as it is desirable.

(b) The Planning Commission bas set a target of 7 per cent growth in tourist arrivals during the Seventh Five Year Plan. A® against this tar get, the actual growth has been 7.B per cent during this period.' State wise statistics of tourist arrivals are not available.

(c) Development strategy of India and other countries in South Asia cannot be compared, as such stra tegies differ from country to country. Development strategy is formulated keeping in view various factors like location of the country, its size. Its tourist attractions, existing and pro jected tourist inflows, existing and projected requirement of infrastruc ture, etc.

Reduction of the quota of Palmollen On of Orissa

2115, SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES. be pleased to stafe:

(a) whether Government have *ret* duced the Faimelien. Oil quota to Orfesa for distribution through the Public Distribution system; and

(b) if so, the reasons thereof?

THE OEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINNSTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL, SUPPLIES (SHSI D. L, BAITHA): (a) ;&n.d (b) The allocation of im-ported edible oils tg State; Government/Union Territories under PDS is adjusted according to availability and prices pf edible oils Jn open market The imported edibl^ oils quotas of all States have been reduced since January, 1988.

Telecast of programmes on T.V. concerning women

2116. KUMARl SUSHILA TIRIA: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state;

(a) whether Government have recently evaluated the social value of